



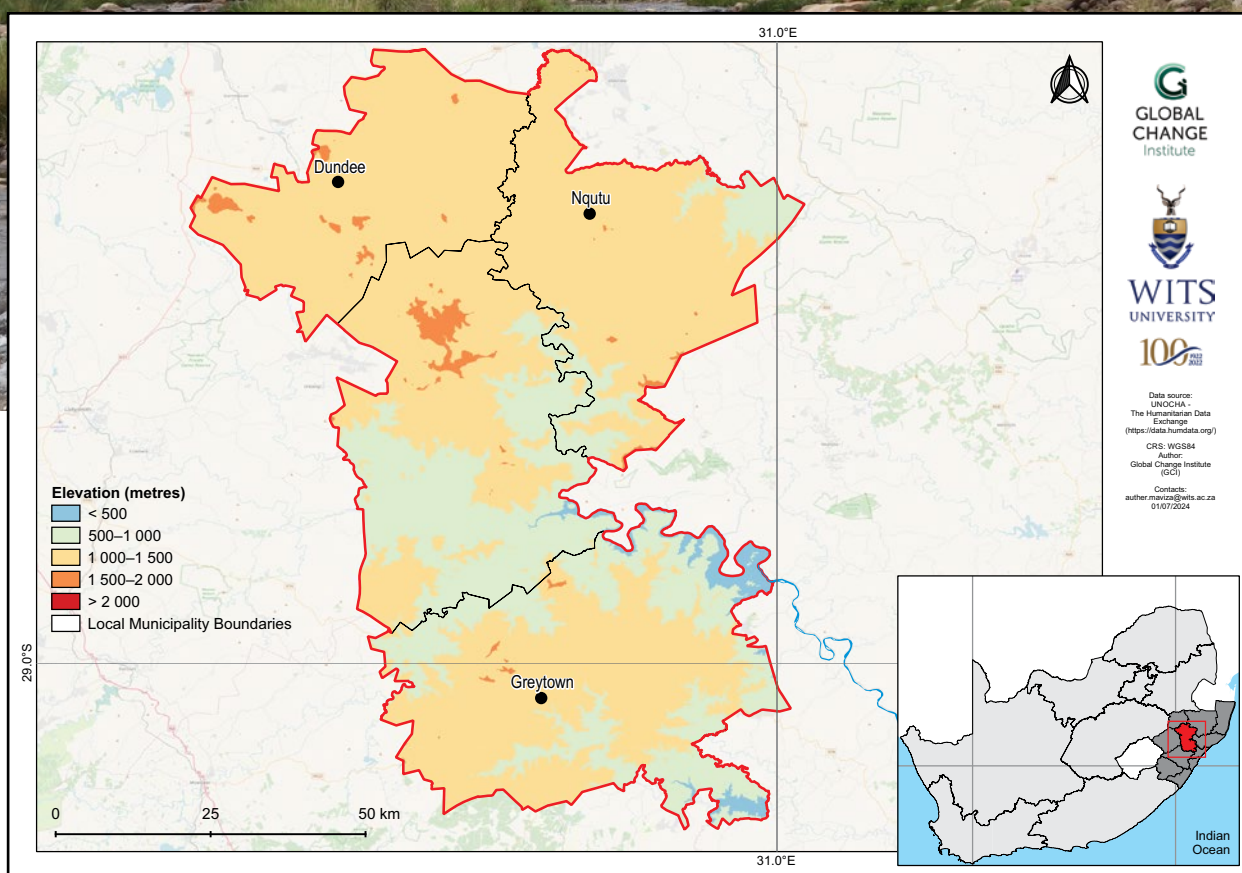
Umzinyathi District Municipality climate change fact sheet

KwaZulu-Natal, South Africa

MUNICIPAL

Introduction

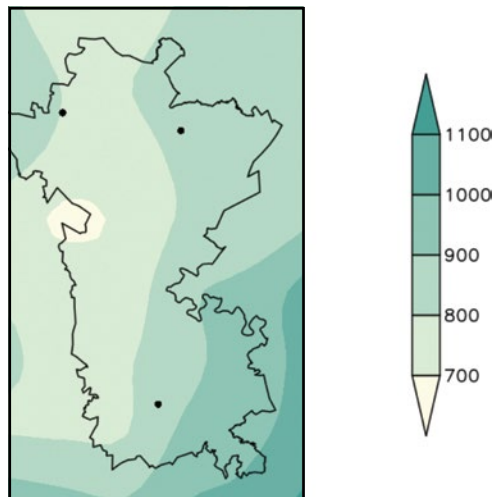
- This fact sheet is part of a series of district municipality fact sheets developed by the Wits GCI and SANBI. The fact sheets present a summary of observed and projected changes in climate over district municipalities in South Africa. They should be used together with the guidelines presented in the cover page.
- Umzinyathi District Municipality covers an area of 8 079 km², with elevation ranging from 500 m above sea level in the low-lying river valleys to 1 800 m above sea level over the northern mountainous regions.
- The district experiences a temperate climate characterised by warm, wet summers and mild, dry winters. Rainfall is seasonal, falling during the summer months, often occurring in the form of thunderstorms.



Observed climate: rainfall (1981–2000)

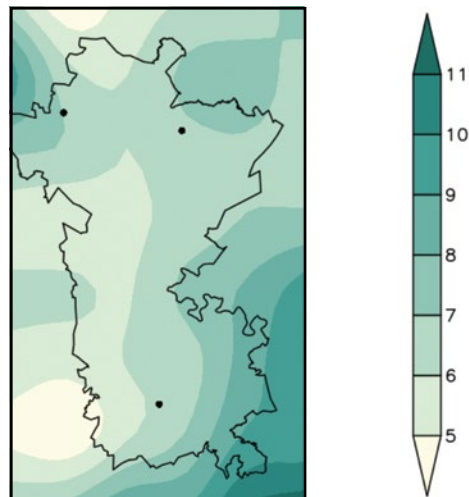
Mean annual rainfall

Mean annual rainfall ranges from 700 mm over the western border parts to 1 000 mm over the southeastern parts.



Extreme rainfall days

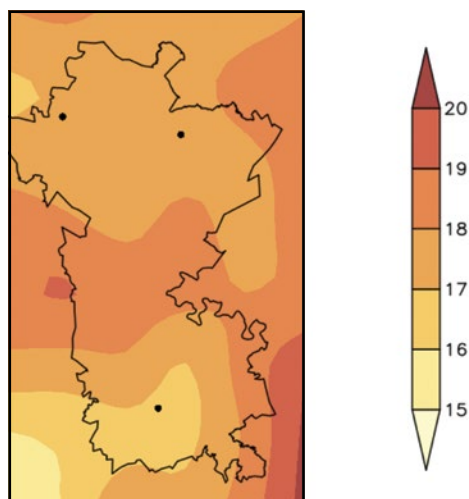
Observed mean annual number of extreme rainfall days range from 5 days over the western parts to 9 days over the southeastern parts.



Observed climate: temperature (1981–2000)

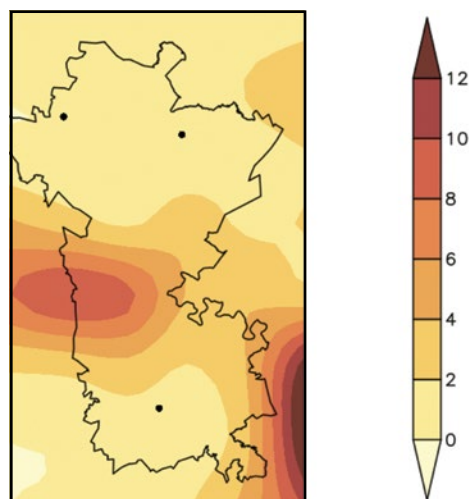
Mean annual temperature

Mean annual temperature ranges from 16 °C over south-western interior parts to 19 °C over the central region.



Very hot days

Observed mean annual number of very hot days range from less than 2 days over the northern and southern high-lands, to 10 days over the central low-lying region.

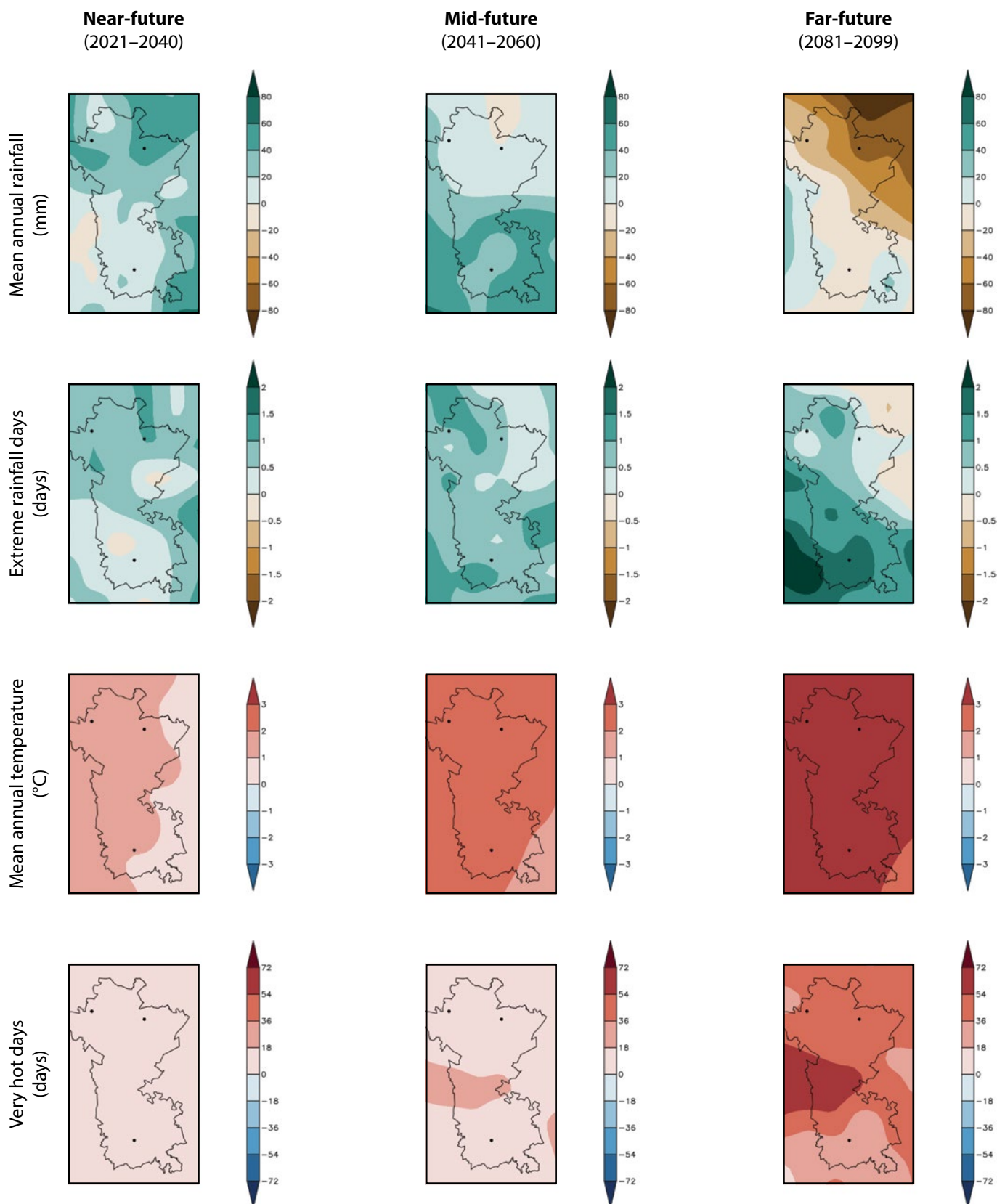


Observed climate trends (overview)

- Observed decrease in mean annual rainfall (*low confidence*).
- Observed increase in the frequency of extreme rainfall events (*high confidence*).
- Observed increase in mean annual temperature and warm extremes (*virtually certain*).
- Observed increases in meteorological and agricultural drought (*low confidence*).

Projected future climate change (overview)

- Projected increase in mean annual rainfall in the near- and mid-future (*low confidence*); decreases over the northeastern region (*low confidence*).
- Projected increase in the frequency of extreme rainfall events (*high confidence*).
- Projected increase in mean annual temperature and warm extremes (*virtually certain*); decrease in cold extremes (*high confidence*).
- Projected increase in agricultural and meteorological drought (*low confidence*).



Projected future climate change (*detailed*)

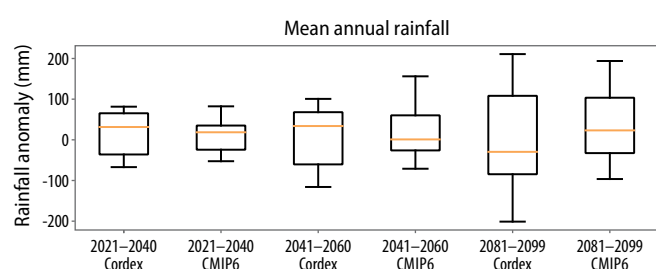
Near- and mid-future

- Projected increase in rainfall (*more likely than not*).
- Projected increase in extreme rainfall events (*very likely*).
- Projected increase in temperature and warm extremes (*virtually certain*); decrease in cold extremes (*very likely*).
- Projected increase in agricultural and meteorological drought (*low confidence*).

Far-future

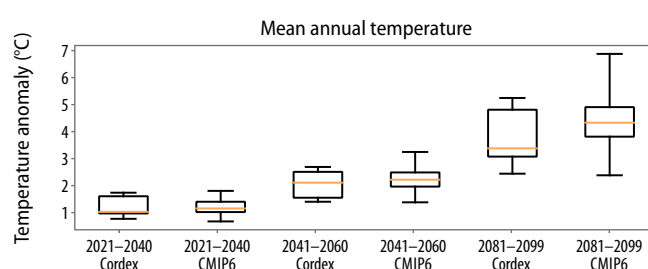
- Projected decrease in rainfall, particularly over the northeastern region (*more likely than not*).
- Projected increase in extreme rainfall events (*very likely*).
- Projected increase in temperature and warm extremes (*virtually certain*); decrease in cold extremes (*very likely*).
- Projected increase in agricultural and meteorological drought (*low confidence*).

Climate model projections: model agreement and uncertainties



Mean annual rainfall

- Averaged across the district, rainfall is projected to increase in the near- and mid-future (*low confidence*).
- General rainfall decreases are projected for the far-future under low mitigation scenarios (*low confidence*).
- Partially in response to virtually certain temperature increases, agricultural drought is to occur more frequently in the future (*low confidence*).



Mean annual temperature

- Temperature increases averaged across the district in the near-future are *virtually certain* and may be as high as 1.5 °C.
- Under low mitigation, further temperature increases are *virtually certain* and may approach 2.5 °C in the mid-future and 5.0 °C in the far-future.
- Increases in average temperature will be accompanied by increases in warm temperature extremes such as heatwaves and high fire danger days (*virtually certain*).

Citation:

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Contact

- Global Change Institute (GCI), University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, South Africa. Website: www.wits.ac.za/gci
- South African National Biodiversity Institute (SANBI). Website: www.sanbi.org